



**DO NOT WRITE ON THE EXAM**

1. **(p. 394) How many electors must a presidential candidate secure in the Electoral College to be elected president?**
  - A. 270
  - B. 288
  - C. 435
  - D. 438
  - E. 538
  
2. **(p. 394) What is the date of presidential inauguration ceremonies?**
  - A. January 4
  - B. January 10
  - C. January 20
  - D. January 31
  - E. February 4
  
3. **(p. 395) What was the most recent presidential election in which the person who won the popular vote lost the Electoral College vote?**
  - A. 2004
  - B. 2008
  - C. 2016
  - D. 1992
  - E. 1976
  
4. **(p. 396) Which of the following is NOT an example of the legislative powers of the president?**
  - A. exerting influence through lobbying Congress on pending legislation
  - B. defining the congressional agenda through the State of the Union address
  - C. submitting the budget for the federal government
  - D. creating laws relating to the federal budget
  - E. signing or vetoing legislation passed by Congress
  
5. **(p. 396) What majority is needed for Congress to check presidential power by overriding a presidential veto?**
  - A. majority
  - B. three-fifths
  - C. two-thirds
  - D. three-quarters
  - E. four-fifths

6. **(p. 396) Which of the following BEST describes presidential use of the line-item veto?**
- A. It has not been as effective as hoped, because it cannot be used on appropriations bills.
  - B. It has become a common tool among modern presidents.
  - C. It is virtually unused by modern presidents, because they fear encroaching on congressional power.
  - D. It is no longer in use because the Supreme Court ruled it unconstitutional.
  - E. It tends to be used mostly by presidents during the election cycle.
7. **(p. 396) Modern presidents are generally \_\_\_\_\_ to issue vetoes than their predecessors.**
- A. much more likely
  - B. somewhat more likely
  - C. neither more nor less likely
  - D. somewhat less likely
  - E. much less likely
8. **(p. 396) Which president issued more vetoes than any other during his tenure?**
- A. Franklin Roosevelt
  - B. Bill Clinton
  - C. Lyndon Johnson
  - D. Harry Truman
  - E. George W. Bush
9. **(p. 396) Which president issued over 750 signing statements, or written messages included in the bill signature process, during his tenure?**
- A. Franklin Roosevelt
  - B. Bill Clinton
  - C. Lyndon Johnson
  - D. Harry Truman
  - E. George W. Bush
10. **(p. 398) Which position, appointed by the president, plays a significant role in managing and supervising the national economy?**
- A. comptroller of the currency
  - B. chairman of the Federal Reserve Board
  - C. adjutant-general
  - D. secretary of the Treasury
  - E. secretary of state
11. **(p. 399) Executive agreements are considered to be in force for how long?**
- A. forever—they are the same as treaties
  - B. for 100 years
  - C. for as long as that political party retains presidential power
  - D. for 8 years
  - E. for the term of the administration that negotiates them

12. **(p. 405) Which of these offices acts as the launch pad for the implementation of presidential policy?**
- A. Executive Office of the President (EOP)
  - B. Council of Economic Advisors
  - C. National Security Council
  - D. Office of Management and Budget
  - E. White House counsel
13. **(p. 405) All these positions are within the White House Office EXCEPT**
- A. chief of staff.
  - B. presidential secretary.
  - C. press secretary.
  - D. Office of Management and Budget director.
  - E. White House counsel.
14. **(p. 405) The National Security Council (NSC) is a group of top foreign policy advisors and relevant cabinet officials that advise the president on foreign policy and national security issues. Who is the official chair of the NSC?**
- A. vice president
  - B. president
  - C. head of the Central Intelligence Agency
  - D. secretary of state
  - E. secretary of defense
15. **(p. 406) Which office within the Executive Office of the President is responsible for the creation of the president's annual budget?**
- A. Bureau of the Budget
  - B. Office of Management and Budget
  - C. Department of the Treasury
  - D. Office of the Chief of Staff
  - E. Federal Reserve
16. **(p. 407) Which constitutional amendment, passed in 1967, determines the course of action in the case of a president being incapacitated?**
- A. Twenty-Third
  - B. Twenty-Fourth
  - C. Twenty-Fifth
  - D. Twenty-Sixth
  - E. Twenty-Seventh

17. **(p. 408) If both the president and vice president die or are unable to govern, which of the following accurately describes the line of succession?**
- A. secretary of state; Speaker of the House; attorney general; Senate president pro tem
  - B. Speaker of the House; Senate president pro tem; secretary of state; secretary of the treasury
  - C. Senate president pro tem; Speaker of the House; secretary of state; secretary of defense
  - D. secretary of state; attorney general; Speaker of the House; secretary of defense
  - E. Speaker of the House; secretary of state, Senate president pro tem; secretary of the treasury
18. **(p. 408) Which event prompted codified procedures for dealing with an incapacitated president?**
- A. the shooting of President James Garfield
  - B. the assassination of President William McKinley
  - C. the illness of President Woodrow Wilson
  - D. the assassination of President John Kennedy
  - E. the shooting of President Ronald Reagan
19. **(p. 408) Which of the following presidential powers are granted by the Constitution?**
- A. expressed powers
  - B. inherent powers
  - C. statutory powers
  - D. expressed powers and inherent powers
  - E. expressed powers and statutory powers
20. **(p. 408) Which of the following presidential powers are granted by Congress?**
- A. expressed powers
  - B. inherent powers
  - C. statutory powers
  - D. expressed powers and inherent powers
  - E. expressed powers and statutory powers
21. **(p. 408) Which of the following presidential powers have been granted by decisions of the Supreme Court?**
- A. expressed powers
  - B. inherent powers
  - C. statutory powers
  - D. expressed powers and inherent powers
  - E. emergency powers
22. **(p. 408) All of the following are presidential powers codified in Article II of the Constitution EXCEPT the power to**
- A. serve as commander in chief.
  - B. issue executive orders.
  - C. pardon crimes.
  - D. convene the Congress.
  - E. commission all officers of the United States.

23. **(p. 408) Which clause has been cited by presidents as the basis for the assertion of inherent powers?**
- A. the take care clause
  - B. the commerce clause
  - C. the establishment clause
  - D. the necessary and proper clause
  - E. the supremacy clause
24. **(p. 408) Thomas Jefferson's decision to initiate the Louisiana Purchase in 1803 was an early example of the exercising of \_\_\_\_\_ presidential powers.**
- A. expressed
  - B. statutory
  - C. inherent
  - D. emergency
  - E. declaratory
25. **(p. 409) The president can exert all of the following powers through the use of executive order EXCEPT**
- A. direction of enforcement of congressional statutes or Supreme Court rulings.
  - B. enforcement of special provisions of the Constitution.
  - C. the creation of new taxes and laws.
  - D. the creation of or adjustments to regulatory guidelines or practices of executive departments and agencies.
  - E. guidance of the administration of treaties with foreign governments.
26. **(p. 409) Generally, executive orders have \_\_\_\_\_ limitations and stipulations.**
- A. no
  - B. very few
  - C. some
  - D. many
  - E. many clearly defined
27. **(p. 410) The Supreme Court has granted the president the broadest latitude to use emergency powers in cases involving**
- A. the collection of taxes.
  - B. foreign affairs.
  - C. the opening and closing of prisons.
  - D. immigration policy.
  - E. members of Congress.

28. (p. 410) On occasion, which of the following special presidential powers has/have been successfully challenged by the judiciary, such as in Watergate-era case *United States v. Richard M. Nixon*?
- emergency powers
  - statutory powers
  - inherent powers
  - executive privilege
  - executive orders
29. (p. 411) Modern presidents use the bully pulpit to persuade the public on a(n) \_\_\_\_\_ basis.
- extremely rare
  - rare
  - sporadic
  - consistent
  - virtually continuous
30. (p. 416) What event led to a deep decline in popular perceptions of the presidency?
- the assassination of President John F. Kennedy
  - the end of the Vietnam War
  - publication of the *Pentagon Papers* by the *New York Times*
  - the Watergate scandal
  - the Iran-Contra scandal
31. (p. 418) During impeachment, which federal body formally accuses the president?
- House of Representatives
  - Senate
  - Supreme Court
  - National Security Council
  - White House Office
32. (p. 418) During impeachment, which federal body conducts the trial of the president?
- House of Representatives
  - Senate
  - Supreme Court
  - National Security Council
  - White House Office
33. (Notes) War Powers Resolution (1973) Intended to limit the president's use of the military and requires the president to consult with Congress prior to using military force and withdraw forces after unless Congress declares war or grants and extension
- 30 days
  - 60 days
  - 90 days
  - 120 days
  - 60 days

**BONUS:**

Put the following Presidents in the correct order:

- A. Lincoln \_\_\_\_\_ 5
- F. Pierce \_\_\_\_\_ 3
- J. Buchanan \_\_\_\_\_ 4
- M. Fillmore \_\_\_\_\_ 2
- Z. Taylor \_\_\_\_\_ 1